**Newspapers** 

inen take out after Mr. nitter phlet if Mr. Roosevelt has his way. door \* \* \* \* the JOU CERTAINLY saw where the Ywar WP department decided to rear change the name of Camp Peay in onlo Tennessee to Camp Forrest. one Colored "advisers" to the secreeate tary of war ought to say "Good litica Evening" to the War people. Or to th maybe they didn't know this. Then, es w maybe, they never heard of Forrest migl or Fort Pillow. of But that might be asking too much. Only one colored American IN S ever got out of office because of Col an insult to his people. When guste Woodrow Wilson started jim crow-Bilbo ing colored government employes Distr the late J. C. Napier bade him an mayo immediate adieu. roy But Napiers are few and far belengt tween. for \* \* \* Get down a good story of the not Rebellion and read of the Massacre of Fort Pillow. "Remember Fort Pillow" became the great war cry miss the last year of the Rebellion. Nathan Bedford Forrest, a slave appo trader, on April 12, 1864, led his thousands against a few hundred d Union soldiers, mostly colored. A kirmish, or so, and then Forrest, nder a flag of truce, went up to scuss terms. His men hid themselves in ra vines near the garrison. In a moment they stormed the garrison. and finding the Union men either unarmed or disarmed began the Cap most brutal massacre of defense John less men in the long story of war Th Twenty years after the Rebellion a bo 1d nad been put down Congress was rvestigating Fort Pillow. rest Lee denounced it; Jefferson Davis digr was stunned; Gen. S. D. Lee diswith claimed it and General Chalmers. opponent of John R Lynch in a rang memorable race for Congress, took ne the floor to explain it to the thei hea country. re Now soldiers of Illinois, state of catt io, Lincoln, Grant and Logan, will get live re their mail, "Camp Forrest, Tenn." lead He Forrest shouted to his men, "Kill lls every nigger and every white man suc fighting with them or for them." hor The Forrest crowd is still in full eac the cry.